

Bangalore University

CA-C4P: Problem Solving Lab using C

1. program to read radius of a circle and to find area and circumference

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#define PI 3.142
void main()
{
    int r;
    double area,circum;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter radius of a circle : ");
    scanf("%d",&r);
    area=PI*r*r;
    circum=2*PI*r;
    printf("\n Area of a circle = %0.2lf",area);
    printf("\n Circumference of a circle = %0.2lf",circum);
    getch();
}
```

```
Enter radius of a circle : 5
Area of a circle = 78.55
Circumference of a circle = 31.42
```

2. Program to read three numbers and find biggest of three

```
# include<stdio.h>
# include<conio.h>
# define MAX(a,b) (a>b ? a : b)
void main()
{
    int a,b,c,L1,L2;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter three numbers(a,b,c) : ");scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
    L1=MAX(a,b);
    L2=MAX(c,L1);
    printf("\n Biggest number = %d",L2);
    getch();
}
```

```
Enter three numbers(a,b,c) : 10 -12 7
Biggest number = 10_
```

3. Program to check whether the number is prime or not

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int num,count=0,i;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter a number : ");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    for(i=1;i<=num;i++)
    {
        if(num%i==0)
            count++;
    }
    if(count==2)
        printf("\n %d is a Prime number",num);
    else
        printf("\n %d is not a Prime number",num);
    getch();
}
```

```
Enter a number : 13
13 is a Prime number
```

```
Enter a number : 8
8 is not a Prime number
```

4. C program to read a number, find the sum of the digits reverse the number and check it for palindrome

```
# include<stdio.h>
# include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int num,orgnum;
    int sum=0,rev=0,rem;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter a number : ");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    orgnum=num;
    while(num>0)
    {
        rem=num%10;
        sum=sum+rem;
```

```
Enter a number : 1234
Sum of digits = 10
Reversed number = 4321
Number is not a Palindrome_
```

```

        rev=rev*10+rem;
        num=num/10;
    }
    printf("\n Sum of digits = %d",sum);
    printf("\n Reversed number = %d",rev);
    if(orgnum==rev)
        printf("\n Number is a Palindrome");
    else
        printf("\n Number is not a Palindrome");

    getch();
}

```

```

Enter a number : 1221

Sum of digits = 6
Reversed number = 1221
Number is a Palindrome

```

5. Program to read numbers from keyboard continuously till the user presses 999 and find the sum of only positive numbers

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>

void main()
{
    int num,sum=0;
    clrscr();
    do
    {
        printf("\n Enter a number : ");
        scanf("%d",&num);
        if(num > 0 && num!=999)
            sum = sum + num;
        printf("\n Sum = %d",sum);
    }while(num!=999);
    printf("\n You have pressed 999 : STOP");
    getch();
}

```

```

Enter a number : 10

Sum = 10
Enter a number : 20

Sum = 30
Enter a number : 30

Sum = 60
Enter a number : 40

Sum = 100
Enter a number : 999

Sum = 100
You have pressed 999 : STOP

```

6. Program to read percentage of marks and to display appropriate message Demonstration of (else-if) ladder

| Percentage | Grade |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| > 90% | Exemplary |
| // 80% - 90% | Outstanding |
| // 70% - 79% | First Division with Distinction |
| // 60% - 69% | First Division |
| // 50% - 59% | Second Division |
| // 35% - 49% | Pass class |
| // < 35% | Fails : Re-appear |

```
# include<stdio.h>
# include<conio.h>
```

```
void main()
{
    float per;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter Percentage : ");
    scanf("%f",&per);
    if(per > 90.0)
        printf("\n Grade = EXEMPLARY");
    else if(per >=80.0 && per < 90.0)
        printf("\n Grade = OUTSTANDING");
    else if(per >=70.0 && per < 80.0)
        printf("\n Grade = FIRST DIVISION WITH DISTINCTION");
    else if(per >=60.0 && per < 70.0)
        printf("\n Grade = FIRST DIVISION");
    else if(per >=50.0 && per < 60.0)
        printf("\n Grade = SECOND DIVISION");
    else if(per >=35.0 && per < 50.0)
        printf("\n Grade = PASS CLASS");
    else
        printf("\n Grade = FAILS : RE-APPEAR");
    getch();
}
```

```
Enter Percentage : 95
Grade = EXEMPLARY_
```

```
Enter Percentage : 65
Grade = FIRST DIVISION_
```

```
Enter Percentage : 35
Grade = PASS CLASS
```

```
Enter Percentage : 24
Grade = FAILS : RE-APPEAR
```

7. Program to find roots of quadratic equation using Switch-Case

```
# include<stdio.h>
# include<conio.h>
# include<math.h>

void main()
{
    int a,b,c,choice;
    double
    disc,root1,root2,real,img;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter a,b,c : ");
    scanf("%d %d
    %d",&a,&b,&c);

    disc=(b*b) - (4.0*a*c);
    if(disc > 0)
        choice=1;
    else if(disc < 0)
        choice=2;
    else
        choice=3;

    switch(choice)
    {
        case 1 :
            {
                printf("\n Real and Distinct Roots");
                root1 = ( -b + sqrt(disc) ) / (2.0 * a);
                root2 = ( -b - sqrt(disc) ) / (2.0 * a);
                printf("\n Root1 = %0.2lf",root1);
                printf("\n Root2 = %0.2lf",root2);
            }
            break;

        case 2 :
            {
                printf("\n Roots are complex and imaginary");
                real = -b/(2.0 * a);
                img = sqrt(abs(disc))/(2.0 * a);
                printf("\n Root1 = %0.2lf +i %0.2lf",real,img);
```

```
Enter a,b,c : 1 5 2
```

```
Real and Distinct Roots
Root1 = -0.44
Root2 = -4.56
```

```
Enter a,b,c : 1 2 3
```

```
Roots are complex and imaginary
Root1 = -1.00 +i 1.41
Root2 = -1.00 -i 1.41
```

```
Enter a,b,c : 1 2 1
```

```
Roots are Equal
Root1 = -1.00
Root2 = -1.00_
```

```

        printf("\n Root2 = %0.2lf -i %0.2lf",real,img);
    }
    break;
case 3 :
    {
        printf("\n Roots are Equal");
        root1 = -b/(2.0 * a);
        root2 = -b/(2.0 * a);
        printf("\n Root1 = %0.2lf",root1);
        printf("\n Root2 = %0.2lf",root2);
    }
    break;

    default : printf("\n Invalid inputs");
}
getch();
}

```

8. Program to read marks scored by n students and find the average of marks

// Demonstration of single dimension array

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int n,i;
    float marks[10],
    tot_marks=0.0,avg_marks=0.0;clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter students count(n) : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("\n Enter mark scored by %d student
        : ",i+1);scanf("%f",&marks[i]);
        tot_marks=tot_marks + marks[i];
    }
    avg_marks = tot_marks / n;
    printf("\n Total marks = %0.2f",tot_marks);
    printf("\n Average marks = %0.2f",avg_marks);
}

```

```

Enter students count(n) : 5

Enter mark scored by 1 student : 78

Enter mark scored by 2 student : 69

Enter mark scored by 3 student : 83

Enter mark scored by 4 student : 72

Enter mark scored by 5 student : 56

Total marks = 358.00
Average marks = 71.60_

```

```
    getch();
}
```

9. C program to remove duplicate element in single dimensional array

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a[20],n,i,j,ele;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter array limit(n) : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("\n Enter a[%d] : ",i);
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    // remove duplicate
    for(i=0;i<n-1;i++)
    {
        ele=a[i];
        for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(ele==a[j] && a[j]!=-111)
            {
                printf("\n %d Duplicate entry!!!",a[j]);
                a[j]=-111; //set -111 for duplicate entry
            }
        }
    }
    printf("\n Final Array list\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(a[i]!=-111)
            printf("%5d",a[i]);
    }
    getch();
}
```

```
Enter array limit(n) : 5
```

```
Enter a[0] : 10
```

```
Enter a[1] : 20
```

```
Enter a[2] : 10
```

```
Enter a[3] : 30
```

```
Enter a[4] : 10
```

```
10 Duplicate entry!!!
```

```
10 Duplicate entry!!!
```

```
Final Array list
```

```
10 20 30
```

10.program to perform addition and subtraction of Matrices

```
# include<stdio.h>
# include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a[10][10], b[10][10], c[10][10], d[10][10];
    int i,j,n;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter order of square matrix(n) : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("\n Enter A matrix elements\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<n;j++)
        {
            printf("\n Enter a[%d][%d] : ",i,j);
            scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
        }
    }

    printf("\n Enter B matrix elements\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<n;j++)
        {
            printf("\n Enter b[%d][%d] : ",i,j);
            scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
        }
    }

    printf("\n Addition of matrices\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<n;j++)
        {
            c[i][j] = a[i][j] + b[i][j];
            printf("%4d",c[i][j]);
        }
    }
```

```
Enter order of square matrix(n) : 2
Enter A matrix elements
Enter a[0][0] : 1
Enter a[0][1] : 2
Enter a[1][0] : 3
Enter a[1][1] : 4
Enter B matrix elements
Enter b[0][0] : 5
Enter b[0][1] : 6
Enter b[1][0] : 7
Enter b[1][1] : 8
```

```
Addition of matrices
 6  8
10 12

Subtraction of matrices
-4 -4
-4 -4
```



```

    printf("\n");
}

printf("\n Subtraction of matrices\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    for(j=0;j<n;j++)
    {
        d[i][j] = a[i][j] - b[i][j];
        printf("%4d",d[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

getch();
}

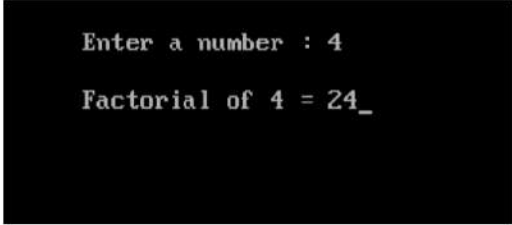
```

11. Program to find the factorial of a number

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int num,i;
    long int fact=1;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter a number : ");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    for(i=1;i<=num;i++)
    {
        fact=fact*i;
    }
    printf("\n Factorial of %d = %ld",num,fact);
    getch();
}

```



```

Enter a number : 4
Factorial of 4 = 24_

```

12. Program to generate fibonacci series

```
# include<stdio.h>
# include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int n,i;
    int F=0,S=1,NXT;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter series limit(n) : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\n ***** FIBONACCI SERIES *****\n");
    printf("%d \t %d",F,S);
    for(i=3;i<=n;i++)
    {
        NXT=F+S;
        printf("\t %d",NXT);
        F = S;
        S = NXT;
    }
    getch();
}
```

```
Enter series limit(n) : 8
***** FIBONACCI SERIES *****
0      1      1      2      3      5      8      13_
```

14. program to find length of string without using built-in function

```
# include<stdio.h>
# include<conio.h>

void main()
{
    int len=0,i=0;
    char *str;
    clrscr();
    printf("\ Enter a string : ");
    scanf("%s",str);
    while(str[i]!='\0')
    {
        len++;
        i++;
    }
}
```

```
Enter a string : UNIVERSITY
i= 0 STR[0]= U len=0
i= 1 STR[1]= N len=1
i= 2 STR[2]= I len=2
i= 3 STR[3]= V len=3
i= 4 STR[4]= E len=4
i= 5 STR[5]= R len=5
i= 6 STR[6]= S len=6
i= 7 STR[7]= I len=7
i= 8 STR[8]= T len=8
i= 9 STR[9]= Y len=9
Length of string = 10_
```

```

}
printf("\n Length of string = %d",len);
getch();
}

```

15. Program to demonstrate string functions

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>

void main()
{
char *str1="Bangalore";
char *str2="University";
clrscr();
printf("\n String 1 = %s String 2 = %s\n",str1,str2);
printf("\n 1. Length of %s = %d",str1,strlen(str1));
printf("\n 2. String copy in str2 = %s",strcpy(str2,"CITY"));
printf("\n 3. Concatenation = %s", strcat(str1,str2));
printf("\n 4. Compare str1 & str2 %d",strcmp(str1,"bangalore"));
printf("\n 5. String in lower case = %s",strlwr(str1));
printf("\n 6. String in upper case = %s",strupr(str1));
printf("\n 7. Substring search = %s",strchr(str1,'L'));
printf("\n 8. Duplicate string = %s",strdup(str1));
printf("\n 9. String reverse = %s",strev(str1));
printf("\n 10. Set all character to # = %s",strset(str1,'#'));
getch();

```

```

String 1 = Bangalore String 2 = University

1. Length of Bangalore = 9
2. String copy in str2 = CITY
3. Concatenation = BangaloreCITY
4. Compare str1 & str2 -32
5. String in lower case = bangalorecity
6. String in upper case = BANGALORECITY
7. Substring search = LORECITY
8. Duplicate string = BANGALORECITY
9. String reverse = YTICEROLAGNAB
10. Set all character to # = #####

```

```

}

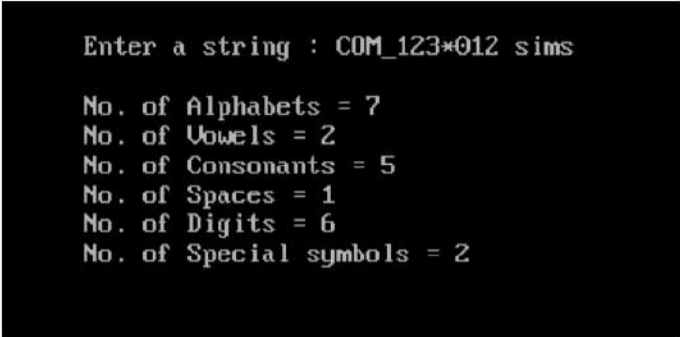
```

17. to read a string and to find the number of alphabets, digits, vowels, consonants, spaces and special characters.

```
// C program to read a string and find the number of alphabets, digits,  
// vowels, consonants, spaces and special characters
```

```
# include<stdio.h>  
# include<conio.h>  
# include<ctype.h>
```

```
void main()  
{  
    char str[100],ch;  
    int acount=0, dcount=0, vcount=0, ccoun=0, scount=0,spcount=0,i=0;  
    clrscr();  
    printf("\n Enter a string : ");  
    gets(str);  
    while(str[i]!='\0')  
    {  
        if(isalpha(str[i]))  
        {  
            acount++;  
            ch=tolower(str[i]);  
            switch(ch)  
            {  
                case 'a':  
                case 'e':  
                case 'i':  
                case 'o':  
                case 'u': vcount++;  
                        break;  
                default : ccoun++;  
            }  
        }  
        else if(isdigit(str[i]))  
            dcount++;  
        else if(isspace(str[i]))  
            scount++;  
        else  
            spcount++;  
        i=i+1;  
    }  
}
```



```
}  
printf("\n No. of Alphabets = %d",acount);  
printf("\n No. of Vowels = %d",vcount);  
printf("\n No. of Consonants = %d",ccount);  
printf("\n No. of Spaces = %d",scount);  
printf("\n No. of Digits = %d",dcount);  
printf("\n No. of Special symbols = %d",spscount);  
getch();  
}
```

18. to Swap Two Numbers using Pointers

```
// C program to swap two numbers using pointers
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>

void main()
{
    int n1,n2,*ptr1,*ptr2,temp;
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Enter two numbers : ");
    scanf("%d %d",&n1, &n2);

    printf("\n Before swapping n1 = %d n2 = %d\n",n1,n2);

    ptr1=&n1;
    ptr2=&n2;

    //swapping
    temp=*ptr1;
    *ptr1=*ptr2;
    *ptr2=temp;

    printf("\n After swapping n1 = %d n2 = %d\n",n1,n2);
    getch();
}
```

```
Enter two numbers : 10 20
Before swapping n1 = 10 n2 = 20
After swapping n1 = 20 n2 = 10
```

19. Program to demonstrate student structure to read & display records of n students

// To demonstrate student structure to read & display records of n students

```
# include<stdio.h>
# include<conio.h>

struct STUDENT
{
    int regno;
    char name[50];
    char grade;
```

```
}BCA[50];
```

```
void main()
```

```
{  
    int n,i;  
    clrscr();  
    printf("\n Enter student count(n) :  
    ");scanf("%d",&n);  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
    {  
        printf("\n Enter %d student(regno,name,grade) : ",i+1);  
        scanf("%d %s %c", &BCA[i].regno, BCA[i].name, &BCA[i].grade);  
    }  
  
    printf("\n REGNO \t STUDENT NAME \t GRADE");  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
    {  
        printf("\n %d \t %s \t %c", BCA[i].regno, BCA[i].name, BCA[i].grade);  
    }  
  
    getch();  
}
```

```
Enter student count(n) : 3  
  
Enter 1 student(regno,name,grade) : 101 PRANAUI A  
  
Enter 2 student(regno,name,grade) : 102 NAKUL B  
  
Enter 3 student(regno,name,grade) : 103 RAMESH C  
  
REGNO    STUDENT NAME    GRADE  
101      PRANAUI         A  
102      NAKUL          B  
103      RAMESH         C
```

20. Program to demonstrate the difference between structure & union

// To demonstrate student structure to read & display records of n students

```
# include<stdio.h>  
# include<conio.h>
```

```
struct EMP1
```

```
{  
    int empid;    //2 bytes  
    char name[50]; // 50 bytes  
    float salary; // 4 bytes (Total = 2 + 50 + 4 = 56)  
};
```

```
union EMP2
```

```
{  
    int empid;    // 2 bytes
```

```
char name[50]; // 50 bytes
float salary; // 4 bytes (highest = 50 bytes)
};

void main()
{
    clrscr();
    printf("\n Size of Structure EMP1 = %d",sizeof(struct EMP1));
    printf("\n Size of Union EMP2 = %d",sizeof(union EMP2));
    getch();
}
```

```
Size of Structure EMP1 = 56
Size of Union EMP2 = 50
```